Shared with staff:; 9.11.09. May 2012, 22.6.15., 20.9.17. 20.11.22.

Seen by Governors on: 12.1.10, 23.6.15. 30.9.22.

Review date: Autumn 2013, summer 2017, summer 2019, autn 2024 Marking, presentation and Feedback Policy

#### Context

Marking forms part of our assessment of children's progress and is one of the ways that we provide feedback to children and parents. It should have a positive impact on children's learning by showing both the teacher and the student what has been achieved in the lesson and what the next steps should be.

#### Effective Marking

- Support pupils in linking achievement to effort rather than ability
- Have a consistently high standard of presentation and marking across the school
- Marking sets next steps for learning
- Highlight work that is not of a child's highest standard

### **Marking Guidelines**

Staff will be expected to adhere to the following guidelines to ensure that marking is consistent to improve children's performance.

- Contrasting pens (purple) to the original piece of work to be used
- Comments should always highlight positive aspects of children's work related to the learning objective for the lesson.
- Younger children may not be able to read; therefore lengthy comments will be inappropriate. Children who are just beginning to write may have their work scribed below in order to make sense at a later date. Stickers, positive symbols and verbal feedback should be used. As children's reading ability improves, staff should work towards more written comments.
- V used if verbal feedback given.
- When the teacher is concerned about the child's understanding of the task, an appropriate comment should be written to reassure the child that the teacher will support the child's learning. For example, 'See me!' is inappropriate. 'We need to go through this together' is reassuring and not said in a negative way, but promises support.
- If presentation of work is poor and it is clear that you know a child has not applied maximum effort, then it is appropriate to use a constructive criticism. Try to acknowledge the positive aspects of the piece of work. For example, 'The content of this report is of a high standard, however I know that you can present this more effectively'.' This would apply to older children and wording should be matched to the understanding of younger children.
- There is usually a right or wrong answer in maths. A dot can be useful in informing the child that the sum is wrong, while providing the opportunity for them to try again to achieve the correct answer using a green pen. This is then marked with a dominant tick. It is better to tick the correct answers and write an appropriate comment at the end of the work. For example, 'You seem to be having difficulty with ....., let's try again together.'
- Once errors have been identified then they should be addressed either in the same lesson or as soon as possible, and will inform future planning.

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• Live marking will be used where possible as this gives instant feedback.

- Ensure **follow up on marking by pupils** for example, rewriting spellings, redraft a sentence, other additions/ deletions using a green pen.
- Writing target sheets these should be used (whenever is appropriate) to support learning across subjects.

Writing year group expectations to be stuck in back of books.

# Presentation Guidelines

### Overview

- It is very important that <u>all</u> children take pride in their work. We help the children to do this by setting clear expectations and teaching them how to work neatly and carefully.
- Children should be consistently expected to follow these rules and there should be consequences for children who ignore these rules.

## Expectations for staff

Remember - you are the most important role model for presentation and high expectations.

Use all resources available - e.g. joinit when typing/printing work, lines and grids on the IWB to model good practice.

When sticking work/labels/L.O's into books ensure they are cut to size (smaller than the perimeter of the page). Worksheets where possible should be trimmed to fit in the books or folded before sticking in.

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Expectations for children

 Pencils should be used in KSI (except green pen to respond to marking).

- Children earn the right to a 'pen licence' when their handwriting is judged to be neat and fluent (KS2).
- Pens must be black Beral handwriting pens.
- Pen licences can be lost if presentation is not kept at a high standard.
- Margins in books and on paper should be drawn using pencil and a ruler if required.
- All work in Maths books will be in pencil.
- One number will be written in each square in Maths books.

## Handwriting

- Cursive Writing scheme (Joinit) is the agreed scheme for handwriting.
- Use the right letter size capital letters at the start of sentences and for proper nouns. Use of ascending and descending letters must be clear.
- Bubbles in place of full stops or dots above the letter i are not acceptable.

## Writing the date, title/learning objective

- All work <u>must have a date and L.O./ title</u>
- Children who are fluent writers are expected to write the date and learning objective.
- Teachers may make labels with the date and L.O. and stick them into a child's book (printed using Joinit).

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Presentation Guidelines - in front of children's books/on classroom walls.

## Key Stage One

- I will write the date (on the line) at the top of my work.
- I will write the short date in Maths and the long date in Literacy.
- The L.O. will be on my page.
- I will not leave blank pages in my book.
- If I make a mistake I will put one neat line through it.
- I will always write next to the margin.

## Key Stage 2

- I will write the date at the top of my work.
- I will write the short date in Maths and the long date in Literacy.
- I will have the L.O. on the line below my date.
- I will underline the date using a ruler.
- I will not leave blank pages in my book.
- If I make a mistake I will put one neat line through it.
- I will always write next to the margin.

### **Marking Codes**

This chart highlights the common themes looked for when teachers are marking work and the codes used. These are shown in order according to the stage of the child.

#### English

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New Paragraph // Omission Mark ^

V = when verbal feedback has been given (could include a brief summary)

S = support given

#### Maths

Incorrect . (a dot)

Correct √

To highlight a correction – underline the error.

a circle should be put around reversals and modeling of correct formation.

### All subjects

The school uses a cloud and step symbol when deep marking. The step is for the next step needed in their learning.

Teachers should require their pupils to read their comments from marking and respond to the comments prior to, or at the start of the next lesson in that subject, using a green pen. The teacher should take care when marking and be aware of their own neatness, teachers must use the school handwriting style.

Where used, worksheets should be stuck into books and be marked.

### **Teachers' Records**

Teachers will record progress on attainment on reading, writing and math. Maths reviews and recorded. Reading records contain their reading materials and frequency of reading. Quizzes shall be used to establish essential knowledge the pupils in foundation subjects.